# 2024 年度

# 和歌山信愛高等学校 入学試験

英 (70分 150点)

#### 受験上の注意

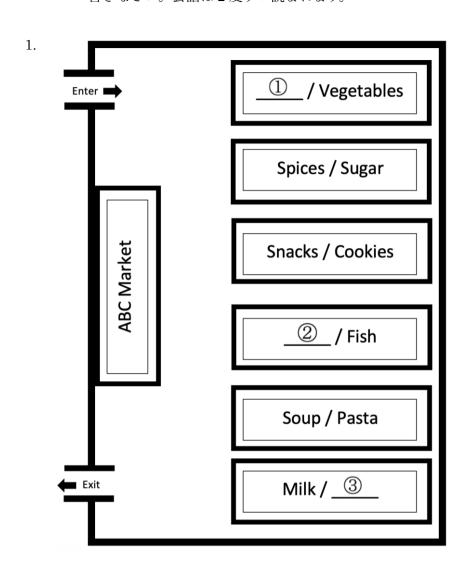
- 1. 開始のチャイムが鳴ったら、問題冊子のすべてのページがそろっている ことを確認して、解答を始めなさい。 問題冊子は、1ページから 18ページまであります。
- 2. 受験番号は、問題冊子と解答用紙の両方に記入しなさい。
- 3. 解答は、すべて解答用紙に記入しなさい。
- 4. 10:10 からリスニングテストが放送されます。
- 5. 終了のチャイムが鳴ったら、解答をやめなさい。 解答用紙は、問題冊子の上に開いたまま裏返して置きなさい。

受験番号	

(余 白)

- [1] リスニングテスト:問題は PART 1 から PART 3 まであります。 放送中にメモを取ってもかまいません。
- PART 1 3 つの会話を聞いて、それぞれの質問に対する答えとして最も適当なものを 1 つ ずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。会話は 2 度ずつ読まれます。
- 1. What is the girl's favorite class?
  - A. Math.
  - B. Music.
  - C. Computers.
  - D. P.E.
- 2. What time is it now?
  - A. 7:00.
  - B. 7:30.
  - C. 8:00.
  - D. 8:30.
- 3. What will Mike do next?
  - A. Practice soccer.
  - B. Go to school.
  - C. Do his homework.
  - D. Make lunch.

PART 2 2 つの会話を聞いて、① $\sim$ ⑥の空所に当てはまる英単語をそれぞれ 1 語ずつ 書きなさい。会話は 2 度ずつ読まれます。



2.

		Bea	achwood Re				
	Mon	Tue	Wed	Fri	Sat	Sun	
Morning	Fishing	4	Fishing	4			Yoga
Afternoon	Fishing		Fishing				6
Night	Fishing		Fishing		(5)	5	

PART 3	5 つの英文を聞いて、①~⑦の( )内に当てはまるものを書きなさい。 ①~④は英語 1 語で、⑤~⑦は英文で答えなさい。英文は 2 度ずつ読まれます。
me a	morrow is my brother's ( ① ). I want to get him something nice because he got game last year. I was thinking about a necktie for his new ( ② ), but it is nsive. Maybe I will make him a cake!
2. I us	sually eat lunch at the small café near my house. The owner is really friendly,

	exp	pensive. Maybe I will make him a cake!
2.		usually eat lunch at the small café near my house. The owner is really friendly
	ano	their sandwiches are (3). But, when I went there today, they were closed
	I w	vas really surprised! I hope that nobody is ( $ ext{ }  ext{ $
	tom	norrow.
3.	A:	I'm so hungry. Can we go out for dinner?
	B:	No way! It is so cold outside. I'm not leaving the house.
	A:	Then, can we get pizza delivered?

4.	A:	Excuse me, I have a question.
	B:	Sure Mary, what is it?

A: ( 6 ) tomorrow?

(5) ).

- B: No, it was canceled. We will have it next Monday.
- A: Ok, thank you.

B: (

- 5. A: May I help you?
  - B: Yes, I am looking for a new suit. I'm going to a wedding.
  - A: Oh, congratulations. When is it?
  - B: Next week. ( ⑦ )?
  - A: No problem. It will be ready on Saturday.

	言	己号で答えなさい。
1.	A:	Hello. This is Sam. May I speak to Mai?
	B:	( ) By the way, it's been a long time! How are you, Sam?
	A:	I'm fine, thanks. Then, can I leave a message?
	ア	Yes. Just a moment.
	1	Yes. Do you want to call her?
	ウ	Sorry, she is out now.
	エ	Sorry, she is here now.
2.	A:	Have you started reading that book? It is my favorite.
	B:	No, I was so busy last week. ( )
	A:	You can take as much time as you want!
	ア	How much was it?
	1	How far is it?
	ウ	How large is it?
	工	How long can I keep it?
3.	A:	Look at all the new fall fashion.
	B:	Hmm I want to buy a sweater for my little sister.
	A:	Oh, that's nice. ( )
	B:	I think she likes bright ones.
	ア	What size do you like?
	イ	What color does she like?
	ウ	What is your favorite color?
	工	What is her favorite season?

[2] 各組の対話文が成り立つように、( )内に入る最も適当なものを1つずつ選び、

4.	A:	Today was a fantastic day! Our performance was perfect, I think.
	B:	But I made many mistakes Our practice was better.
	A:	( You think too much! You are the one who practiced hardest!
	B:	Your words help me.
	ア	Don't worry. You did your best!
	イ	You should do your best!
	ウ	I was better than you.
	工	Wish me luck!
5.	A:	Finally, the season for winter sports is here!
	B:	Yeah. Do you have any plans to go skiing or snowboarding?
	A:	Of course. ( ) So, I am checking a shopping website now.
	B:	It must cost a lot of money!
	ア	I went all the way to Hokkaido.
	1	I already have everything in my bag.
	ウ	My mother bought a flight ticket.
	工	I need a new helmet and new boots.

[3]	各組の英文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、( )内に適当な語を 1 語ずつ書きなさい。
1.	You must not forget the meaning of this word.  ( ) ( ) the meaning of this word.
2.	It is important for us to study English.  ( ) ( ) English is important for us.
3.	He usually drives to his office.  He usually goes to his office ( ) ( ).
4.	I'll show you my notebook. I'll show my notebook ( ) ( ).
5.	I don't have my phone now, so I can't call her.  If I ( ) my phone now, I ( ) call her.
[4]	日本文の意味を表す英文になるように、( )内に適当な語を 1 語ずつ書きなさい。
1.	冷蔵庫は食べ物でいっぱいです。 The refrigerator ( ) ( ) of food.
2.	その電車はちょうど駅に到着したところです。 The train has ( ) ( ) at the station.
3.	これは誰の財布ですか。— 私のです。 ( ) wallet is this? — It's ( ).
4.	ご両親によろしくお伝え下さい。 Please ( ) hello ( ) your parents.
5.	週に何回あなたは図書館に行きますか。 ( )( )times a week do you go to the library?

2.	その植物はアヤカによって世話をされています。 The plant (by / of / taken / is / care ) Ayaka.											
3.	私の祖母は英語だけでなく、フランス語も話すことができる。 My grandmother can (only / but / speak / not / also / English ) French.											
[6]	日本文の意味を表す英文を【 】内の語を用いて指定さただし、指定された語も語数に含みます。	いた語数	女で書きなさい。									
1.	私たちを手伝ってくれてありがとう。	[ for	5 語 】									
2.	あなたはどんな音楽を演奏しますか。	[ kind	7 語 】									
3.	彼女はそれを来月までに終えなければなりません。	[ by	8語】									

日本文の意味を表す英文になるように、( )内の語を並べかえなさい。

[5]

1.

何か温かい飲み物をください。

Please (something / drink / hot / give / to / me).

[7] 次の会話文を読み、以下の問いに答えなさい。

Staff: Welcome to Strawberry Cellphones. How are you today?

Man : Terrible. I dropped my phone in the bath yesterday. So, it's not working now.

Staff : ( ① ) Do you often take pictures with your phone?

Man : I do. I'm looking for a phone with a good camera.

Staff: I see. This Optico-10X has a wonderful camera. You can take beautiful photos with it. You can even use it in the rain.

Man : That's wonderful. ( ② )

Staff: It's \$1,000. But right now we have a winter sale, so it is \$900.

The Optico-Y is the cheaper model. It weighs the least of all the smartphones we offer here. There's also a \$50 discount on it.

Man : I see. But it's still too expensive for me. I can't pay more than \$800.

Staff: In that case, there's the Eyempact-7 Pro. It is less than \$800.

Man: (③) How is the image quality? I often post pictures of food on Instagram. Will they look good?

Staff: Yes, it has an amazing AI system and it will change the image to make it beautiful. (4)

Man : Oh, can I?

Staff : Yes, of course. You can try to take some pictures. Here you are.

Man : Hmm... It's nice and the screen is very beautiful. But, eh..., I'm afraid the screen is too big for my hand.

Staff : ( ⑤ ) This is cheaper than the Pro model and still has a good camera.

Man : This one is better. I like it! Can I charge it wirelessly?

Staff: No. It charges very fast, but not wirelessly.

Man: That's ok. For me, using my phone easily with one hand is the most important thing. I'll take it! Thank you.

#### Optico-10X

<del>\$1,000</del> \$900

- Full screen 6.7 inch display
- Super Night Mode Camera
- Wireless Charging

## **Optico-Y**

<del>\$900</del> \$850

- Full screen 6.5 inch display
- Super Night Mode Camera
- Fast Charging

### **Eyempact-7 Pro**

\$700

- Full screen 6.7 inch display
- Smart AI Camera
- Wireless Charging

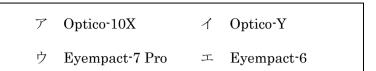
#### **Eyempact-6**

\$600

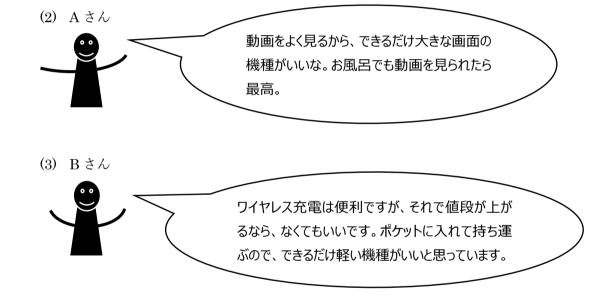
- Full screen 6.1 inch display
- Smart AI Camera
- Fast Charging

- 1. ①~⑤の( )内に入る最も適当なものを下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  - P Do you want to try it?
  - ✓ How much is it?
  - ウ Sounds nice.
  - 工 That's too bad.
  - ★ Then, how about this one?

2. 次の各人物が購入するものとして最も適している機種を下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。



(1) 会話文の中で、スマートフォンを購入しようとしている男性



[8] 枠内に与えられた英文を手がかりにして、最も自然な流れになるように、①~④に入る ものを右の選択肢ア~エから1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。 ただし、同じ記号は1度しか使えません。

If a disaster happens, can y	ou surv	rive?			
	ľ	1	1		
	Ţ	2	1		
	Ţ	3	1		
	Ţ	4	1		
Good luck.					

#### 《選択肢》

- After hiding for a few hours, you will be hungry and thirsty. You will want to find food. Find a convenience store or supermarket. It will probably be closed and dangerous, so be careful! Also, it is a good idea to know what plants you can eat, and what animals you can catch for food.
- Finally, try to communicate with other people. A smartphone is the best way, because you can get a lot of information and contact people you know. Also, carry some extra batteries with it. A small radio is good, too. You can hear the latest news with it.
- Many people are going to be very scared, but you must be calm. The first thing to do is find a safe place to hide. The usual places people go to escape disasters, like parks, are not safe in a zombie attack. This is because they are wide open. The zombies will see you. The best place to hide is a place with strong walls. Here in Wakayama City, that might be Wakayama Castle.
- We all learn about earthquakes. But, what about a zombie attack? What will you do if those monsters come out of the television and into your city? A zombie attack is very dangerous. If they find you, they will eat you.

#### [9] 次の英文を読み、以下の問いに答えなさい。

Where do dogs come from? How did dogs become the pets we know? Scientists believe that dogs originally came from gray wolves. Wolves and dogs belong (①) the same species. They share more than 99 percent of their DNA. They have strong senses, such as their sense of smell and hearing, and can see clearly in the dark. However, even though some dogs and wolves look similar to each other, dogs have changed in very big ways, and have become very different from wolves. ②Let's look (and wolves / at / between / differences / dogs).

There are some physical differences. Wolves need big, strong teeth to eat bones, but dogs in our house just need to chew their food and bite their toys. Dogs commonly have brown or blue eyes. Wolves, (③), always have ones that are yellow or gold. They have the (④) number of teeth: both have forty-two. However, the ⑤ones our pets have are much smaller. Their hair color is also unique. Dog hair can be many different colors, but wolf hair is generally white, black, gray, or brown because those are the colors in nature. Finally, everything on a wolf is bigger. Their head, their tail, and even their feet. If you see big footprints in the snow, be careful!

Dogs minds are different from wolves, too. Dogs are often (call) "man's best friend". Dogs focus their attention very closely on the humans around them and can read their feelings and understand their instructions. (7), they understand the meaning of "No" when they are told with gestures. They are very friendly toward humans, and they are not usually afraid (8) them. Wolves, however, usually stay far away from humans and run if they get close. If you put a piece of meat in front of a wolf and tell him not to eat it, he will look at you directly in the eyes, not listen to your order, and eat it anyway. Dogs are not like (9) that at all.

Then, how did some wolves from long ago become modern dogs? One idea was that it was because of humans. In the past, some scientists thought that those wolves became our pets over time because humans ((catch)) some wolf puppies and raised them. Since they were useful for hunting, we always kept them with us, and some of them eventually became dogs. The scientists thought that, by doing this, humans made dogs directly over many centuries.

However, more recent research has shown that ①this is probably not correct. Wolves eat a very large amount of meat, and even though they are good at ②(hunt) in groups, when they kill an animal, ②they do not usually want to share it. They would probably compete against humans for food, and so humans would not want ④animals like that near them. Perhaps that is one of the reasons why wolves are extinct in many parts of the world. Japan is one example of this. Japanese wolves all died more than a century ago.

Humans did not make dogs from wolves directly. Instead, some groups of wolves made themselves into dogs by living in close contact ( ⑤ ) humans, and only long after that humans started to choose them to be pets. Scientists now think that some wolves stopped ⑥ (try) to catch wild animals and began to walk around places where humans lived. They survived by eating food ⑥ (throw) away by humans. Because of their new lifestyle, their minds and bodies changed. They became A , B scared of humans and C to them, and also became able to read their emotions D.

Today, dogs are always with us. We can live, play, and work together. <u>® They are</u> (can / join / so smart / that / they) in our daily lives. We invite them into our homes and love them like family. ( <u>@</u>), the long history of people and dogs continues.

- ①⑧⑤の( )内に当てはまる語を下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。
   ア on イ with ウ at エ of オ to
- 2. 下線部②⑱の( )内の語(句)を意味が通る英文になるように並べかえなさい。
- 3. ③⑦⑩の( )内に入る最も適当なものを下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。 ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字にしてあります。

ア for example イ in this way ウ on the other hand

- 4. ④の( )内に入る語を、本文中の1語で答えなさい。
- 5. 下線部⑤が指すものを、本文中の1語で答えなさい。
- 6. ⑥⑩⑫⑯⑪の( )内の語を適当な形に変えなさい。

- 7. 下線部⑨の内容として最も適当なものを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  - ア 人間に対して心を閉ざさない
  - イ 人間に対して友好的で、すぐなつく
  - ウ 人間を警戒し、指示を聞かない
  - エ 人間を警戒するが、敵対心はない
- 8. 下線部⑪の内容として最も適当なものを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  - ア 人間が長い年月をかけて現在のようなイヌを生み出したこと
  - イ オオカミが大量の肉を食べていたこと
  - ウ オオカミが群れで狩りをしていたこと
  - エ 人間はオオカミと長い間、敵対していたこと
- 9. 下線部⑬の意味として最も適当なものを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  - ア 人間はふつう、オオカミの肉を食べない
  - イ 人間はふつう、獲物の肉をオオカミに分け与えない
  - ウ オオカミはふつう、獲物の肉を欲しがらない
  - エ オオカミはふつう、獲物の肉を独り占めする
- 10. 下線部⑭の内容として最も適当なものを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  - ア 絶滅しかけている動物
  - イ 人間と争う動物
  - ウ 人間に慣れている動物
  - エ オオカミが狩った動物
- 11. **A** ~ **D** に入る語の組み合わせとして最も適当なものを下から1つ選び、 記号で答えなさい。

	A	В	C	D			
ア	larger	less	friendlier	better			
1	larger	more	easier	worse			
ウ	smaller	less	friendlier	better			
エ	smaller	more	easier	worse			

- 12. 以下のア〜オの特徴について、イヌのみに当てはまる場合は A、オオカミのみに当てはまる場合は B、両方に当てはまる場合は C、どちらにも当てはまらない場合は D で答えなさい。
  - ア 嗅覚が鋭い
  - イ 青か茶色の目をもっている
  - ウ 42 本の歯がある
  - エ 大きくて太い足をもっている
  - オ 暗闇だと物をはっきりと見ることができない
- 13. 本文の内容に合うものとして最も適当なものを下から2つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  - The color of dogs' hair protected them from wolves.
  - ✓ Humans kept and raised dogs to eat when they had no food.
  - ウ Humans killed wolves walking around them because they were very dangerous.
  - I Japanese wolves disappeared more than one hundred years ago.
  - オ Because wolves began to eat things humans threw away, their bodies changed.

	24年 学試縣							学校	ξ									受	<b>検番</b>	号						
	PAR	Т 1	1			2			3																	
	<b>.</b> . =		1	①			<u> </u>			2						3										
	PAR	T 2	2	4						⑤						6										
[1]			1	1						2						2	3				4					
	PAR	ጥ 3	3	⑤	(																					).
		1 0	4	6	(																			) ton	norre	ow?
			5	7	(																					)?
[2]	1			2			3			4			5													
	1											2														
[3]	3											4														
	5																									
	1											2														
[4]	3											4														
	5																									
	1	Plea	.se(																							).
[5]	2	The	plar	nt (																				)	Aya	ka.
	3	Му į	gran	dmo	$ ext{ther}$	can (	(																	)	Fren	ıch.
	1																									
[6]	2																									?
	3																									•
	1	①			2			3			4			<b>⑤</b>												
[7]		(1)			(2)			(3)																		
[8]	1			2			3			4			]													
	1	1)		I	8			15					1													
	-		Let'	s loo				<b>~</b>																		).
	2			y are																		<b>)</b> :	in ou	r dai	ly liv	
[9]	3	3			7			19			4						5									
	6	6					10					12					16			17)					ı	
	7	!		8			9			10			11						1							
	12	ア		•	7			ゥ			Н			オ	<u> </u>		13			順不	(同)					

	<b>24</b> 年度 和歌山信愛高等学校																					
	PAF	RT 1	1	1	D	2	]	3	3	Γ												
[1]						ruits		2		Mea	t	3		Cheese		]						
	PAF	(T 2				imming			5		Danci	ng	6		Paint	ing						
		1 ①		bi	oirthday			2		job		2	3	$\mathbf{d}$	elicious		4	s	ick			
	PAF	RT 3	3	⑤	( That's a great idea																	).
															tomoi	row?						
			5	7	(	Is th	nat e	noug	h tir	ne												)?
[2]	1	ウ 2 エ 3 イ 4							ア	5	工											
[3]	1	Don't				forget				2	То			study								
	3	by				car					4	to			you							
	5	had				could			<u>l</u>													
[4]	1	is				full					2	just			arrived							
	3	Whose					mine				4	say			to							
	5	How						many														
[5]	1	Please ( give me something hot to drink															).					
	2	The plant ( is taken o												re of	by						) A	yaka.
	3	My grandmother can ( speak not only English but also																) Fr	ench.			
[6]	1	Thank you for helping us																				
	2	What kind of music do you play														?						
	3	She has to finish it by next month															•					
[7]	1	1	Ξ	Ľ.	2	/	<b>1</b>	3	ָלָ	ל	4	ア	5	オ								
	2	(1)	ž	Ľ,	(2)	7	7	(3)	1	r												
[8]	1	D エ ② ウ ③ ア ④ イ																				
	1	①	7	<del></del>	8	ž	r.	15	1	r												
[9]	2	2	Let'	s loo	k (		at d	iffere	ences	s bet	ween	dogs ar	nd wolve	es								).
		18 They are ( so smart that they can									y can	i join								) in our	daily	lives.
	3	③ ウ ⑦ :				7	ア 19 イ			r	4	1	same		5	teeth					<del></del>	
	6	6 called			100	+ +				11 hur		ng 	16	trying		17		thrown				
	7	ウ 8 ア 9				ت	E.	10	イ 			<del>                                      </del>			7							
	12	ア	(	C	ィ	A	A	ウ	C		エ	${f B}$	才	D	13	エ	オ	(順/	下同)			